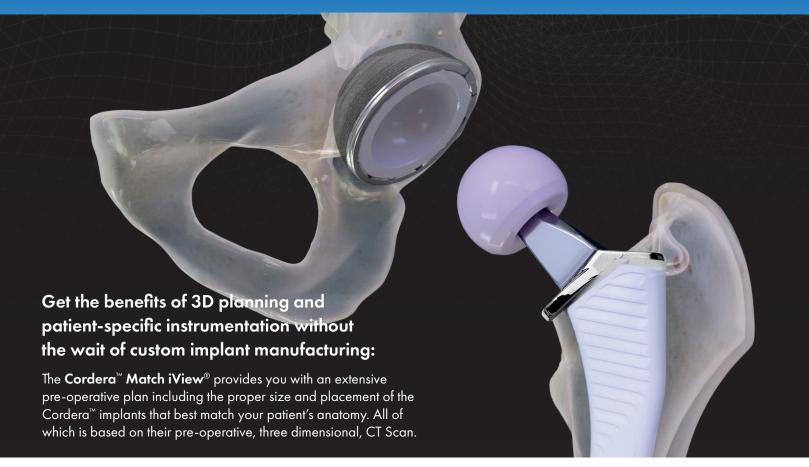
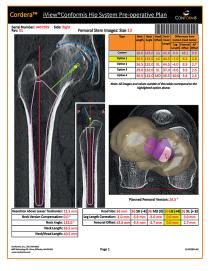
CORDERA MATCH

Cordera[™] Match incorporates a proven implant design with Conformis'[®] state-of-the-art iView[®] plans and patient-specific iJigs[®].







Femoral iJigs To guide the neck resection for the pre-operatively planned stem fit, leg length and broaching orientation to match the patient's native femoral version

Acetabular iJigs provide depth control per your patient's anatomy for precise medialization, inclination and anteversion while preserving bone during the reaming process

Two stage, disposable acetabular reamers for efficient and accurate

sizing







to replicate the planned placement of the planned version and inclination for intraoperative reference

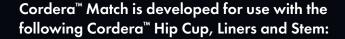




*Conformis engineers design the Cordera[™] Match iView® and iJigs® based on the patient's anatomy; if the surgeon prefers to adjust the plan before ordering the iJigs® they can do so before approving.

CORDERA MATCH

The Latest Surgery-in-a-Box™ Total Hip Solution from Conformis



36mm heads first available with 50mm Cordera™ cups

- CoCr or BIOLOX® delta ceramic
- 28, 32, 36 & 40mm



Cordera[™] Acetabular Cup

- Three holes
- 1 mm increment diameter
- 2mm press-fit with proven Titanium Plasma Technology

Collared, clinically proven stem design

- Osprovit® plasma spray HA coating
- Vertical and horizontal macrostructures to promote bone apposition and stability
- 127° neck angle in sizes 10-16
- 132° neck angle in sizes 10-16
- 29mm & 36.5mm neck lengths

Vitamin E XLPE liners available in:

- Standard: Available in sizes
 0, +2 and +4 mm
 *iView is planned to a +2 liner
- Lipped (4mm): available in 0 and +2 mm
- **Face Changing** (10 degree): available in 0 and +2 mm

The iView® also provides a Digitally Reconstructed Radiograph (DRR). The DRR is a simulated full pelvis image created from the CT scan. The image is aligned parallel to the ASIS, eliminating the chance of a tilted pelvis thus providing more precise measurements. Leg length measurements are then taken utilizing the patient's anatomical landmarks to provide the surgeon with the data needed to help determine the best plan for correcting the patient's discrepancy.

